

بررسی بیماران مبتلا به کوریوکارسینوما حاملگی در بخشهای انکولوژی بیمارستان قائم (عج) و امید مشهد (۱۳۸۰-۱۳۷۰)

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Evaluation of Gestational Choriocarcinoma In Oncology Departments of Qhaem and Omid Hospitals – Mashad (1991-2001)

Abstract

Introduction: Gestational choriocarcinoma is a rare and life threatening disease, but if patients are treated early in an experienced center, they have chance of cure. This study was done for the goal of ten-year evaluation of gestational choriocarcinoma patients.

Methods and Material: This descriptive retrospective study was done in Oncology Departments in Omid and Ghaem Hospitals of Mashhad between years 1991-2001. The data were collected in a designed questionnaire according to the patient's files and presented by frequency charts, diagrams and statistical indices.

Results: Out of 141 cases of GTD, 41 (23.2%) patients had gestational choriocarcinoma. Among the latter group, 50% were under 30 years old. The most common presenting symptom was vaginal bleeding (84.4%). The response to first line chemotherapy in 68.4% of patients was good, in 10.5% was poor and 21.1% had no response.

Conclusion: Since a great number of these patients were young and curable, it is recommended to start treatment in an experienced center once diagnosis is established.

Keywords: Gestational choriocarcinoma, Gestational trophoblastic disease, Chemotherapy

آدرس:

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