

DXRaySMCS: A user-friendly interface developed for prediction of diagnostic radiology X-ray spectra produced by Monte Carlo (MCNP-εC) simulation

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Abstract

In this work, the general purpose Monte Carlo N-particle radiation transport computer code (MCNP-εC) was used for the simulation of X-ray spectra in diagnostic radiology. The electron's path in the target was followed until its energy was reduced to 10 keV. A user-friendly interface named 'diagnostic X-ray spectra by Monte Carlo simulation (DXRaySMCS)' was developed to facilitate the application of MCNP-εC code for diagnostic radiology spectrum prediction. The program provides a user-friendly interface for: (i) modifying the MCNP input file, (ii) launching the MCNP program to simulate electron and photon transport and (iii) processing the MCNP output file to yield a summary of the results (relative photon number per energy bin). In this article, the development and characteristics of DXRaySMCS are outlined. As part of the validation process, output spectra for ε¹ diagnostic radiology system settings produced by DXRaySMCS were compared with the corresponding IPEM^{VA}. Generally, there is a good agreement between the two sets of spectra. No statistically significant differences have been observed between IPEM^{VA} reported spectra and the simulated spectra generated in this study. © The Author 2009. Published by Oxford University Press. All rights reserved.

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