

## Synthesis and biodistribution studies of iodine-<sup>125</sup>I D-amino acid YYK peptide as a potential therapeutic agent for labeling an anti-CD20 antibody

Sadri, K.<sup>a</sup>, Gandomkar, M.<sup>b</sup>, Babaei, M.H.<sup>b</sup>, Najafi, R.<sup>b</sup>, Zakavi, S.R.<sup>c</sup>, Sadat Ebrahimi, S.E.<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Department of Medicinal Chemistry, Faculty of Pharmacy, Tehran **University of Medical Sciences**, Tehran, Iran

<sup>b</sup> Nuclear Science Research School, Nuclear Science and Technology Research Institute (NSTRI), Atomic Energy Organization of Iran, Tehran, Iran

<sup>c</sup> Nuclear Medicine Department, Imamreza Hospital, **Mashad University of Medical Sciences**, Mashad, Iran

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### Abstract

A major drawback of conventionally radioiodinated monoclonal antibodies for radioimmunotherapy is in vivo dehalogenation of iodine as a result of deiodinase recognition. To solve this problem we have synthesized a YYK tripeptide consisting of non-metabolizable D-amino acids modified with the N-succinimidyl (N-Succ) function. The chemical purity of the synthesized peptide as assessed by analytical high performance liquid chromatography was 90%. Labeling of the Fmoc-D-Tyr(tBu)-D-Tyr(tBu)-D-Lys(Boc)-N-Succ was performed using the chloramine-T method and the conventional extraction, resulting in a radiochemical yield of 80-91% and a radiochemical purity of >90%. Radioiodination of the peptide was followed by conjugation to anti-CD20 antibody with 70-75% labeling efficiency and 90% radiochemical purity. The effect of radioiodinated peptide on the biological behavior of the conjugate was evaluated through biodistribution studies in normal Lewis rats. Thyroid and stomach levels from Rituximab labeled with [<sup>125</sup>I]-YYK-peptide were two- to four-fold less than those with directly labeled [<sup>125</sup>I]-Rituximab, suggesting low recognition of its D-iodotyrosine residue by endogenous deiodinases. The favorable in vitro/in vivo stability and biodistribution profiles suggest that this radioiodine-labeled YYK peptide is a good candidate for further exploration of its potential clinical application. Copyright © 2009 John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.

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### Author keywords

D-amino acid; Dehalogenation; Radioimmunotherapy; Radioiodination

### Indexed Keywords

**EMTREE drug terms:** dextro amino acid yyk peptide iodine 125; iodide peroxidase; iodine 125; radioactive iodine; rituximab; succinimide derivative; tosylchloramide sodium; unclassified drug

**EMTREE medical terms:** animal experiment; animal tissue; antibody labeling; article; chemical modification; controlled study; drug conjugation; drug distribution; drug purity; high performance liquid chromatography; in vitro study; in vivo study; Lewis rat; male; molecular recognition; nonhuman; peptide synthesis; radiochemistry; radioiodination; rat

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